# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

### **2022 REGULAR SESSION**

**Committee Substitute** 

for

## House Bill 4071

BY DELEGATES MAYNOR, STEELE, HONAKER, SMITH,

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KEATON, AND GEARHEART

[Introduced January 13, 2022; referred to the

Committee on Education then the Judiciary]

1 A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated §18-8B-1, §18-8B-2, §18-8B-3, §18-8B-4, all relating to creating the Public 2 3 School Health Rights Act; providing definitions; providing that a public school may not 4 mandate masks for students or employees or mandate COVID-19 tests and guarantine 5 under certain circumstances; providing that parents have the right to determine whether 6 their children wear masks at school and school activities; providing that elected/public 7 official cannot override the provisions of the Act; providing that nothing in the article may 8 prevent any individual from wearing a face covering; and providing injunctive relief.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

### ARTICLE 8B. PUBLIC SCHOOL HEALTH RIGHTS ACT.

#### §18-8B-1. Short title.

1 This article shall be known and may be cited as the Public School Health Rights Act.

#### §18-8B-2. Definitions.

- 1 (a) "COVID-19" means the novel coronavirus identified as SARS-CoV-2, the disease
- 2 caused by the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2, or a virus mutating therefrom, and conditions
- 3 associated with the disease.
- 4 (b) "Public school" means any public school or facility under the control of a county board
- 5 of education, a charter school created pursuant to §18-5G-1, et seq., of this code or the West
- 6 <u>Virginia School for the Deaf and the Blind.</u>
- 7 (c) "Employee" means any individual who works for the public school on a full-time, part-
- 8 time, contractual or volunteer basis.
- 9 (d) "Student" means any individual who attends the public school on a full or part-time
- 10 <u>basis.</u>
- 11 (e) "Quarantine" means a period of physical separation recommended by the Centers for
- 12 Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC") which should begin after a person comes into close
- 13 contact with someone who has COVID-19.

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#### §18-8B-3. Public school health rights.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a public school shall not:
- 2 (1) Impose a COVID-19 mask or face covering requirement on any student or employee;
- 3 (2) Impose a mandatory COVID-19 testing requirement on any asymptomatic or pre-
- 4 symptomatic student or employee; or
- 5 (3) Require a student or employee to guarantine or isolate unless the student or employee
- 6 has tested positive for COVID-19.
- 7 (b) A parent or guardian of a student maintains the right to determine whether their child
- 8 will wear a mask or face covering on school premises or during extracurricular activities.
- 9 (c) Any period of quarantine shall end after the student or employee has obtained a
- 10 negative COVID-19 test result or after that student or employee has completed 5 days of
- 11 <u>quarantine.</u>
- 12 (d) The rights identified under this act shall not be overridden by any elected or appointed
- 13 official.
- 14 (e) Nothing in this article may prevent the right of any individual to wear a face covering.

#### §18-8B-4. Injunctive relief available.

- 1 <u>A parent or guardian of a student, a student who is 18 years of age or older, or an</u>
- 2 employee may file a declaratory judgment action, seeking an injunction against any act or practice
- 3 that violates this act. A prevailing parent, guardian, student, or employee, as applicable, may be
- 4 <u>awarded reasonable attorney fees and court costs.</u>

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to create a Public School Health Rights Act; providing definitions related to schools, students, and COVID-19; providing that a public school may not mandate masks for students or employees, and may not mandate COVID-19 testing or quarantining under certain circumstances; providing that parents have the right to determine whether their children wear masks at school and school activities; providing that elected/public official cannot override the provisions of the Act; providing that nothing in the article may prevent any individual from wearing a face covering; and providing for injunctive relief.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.